



UNICREDIT BANK GmbH

UNICREDIT BANK **GMBH MILAN** BRANCH **EXTERNAL EXECUTION** TRANSMISSION POLICY

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1.Preliminary principles

1.1 Introduction

This document determines the Best Execution Policy (referred to hereafter as the »Best Execution Policy«) for UniCredit Bank GmbH Milan Branch (referred to hereafter as »the Bank«). The information on »Best Execution Policy for Transactions in Financial Instruments« is part of the General Business Conditions and the Special Conditions for the Securities Business of Bank.

Detailed information on the product types described below (referred to hereafter as »asset classes«) is available in the MiFID Starter Package».

This Policy is supplemented by annexes which provide further details of the Policy as it applies to different asset classes. The annexes should be read in conjunction with this Policy.

It will be demonstrated to the Client, on his request, that we executed orders in accordance with our Best Execution Policy.

Requests for clarification of the information contained in the Best Execution Policy, as well as requests to demonstrate compliance should be addressed to info@hvb.de or contact your advisor.

The Best Execution Policy is applicable to the execution of orders from the Bank's professional clients for the purchase or sale of financial instruments.

Where Best Execution applies, the Bank will take all sufficient steps to obtain the best possible result for its clients, on a consistent basis, taking into account the execution factors set out in Section 1.3.

The customer can direct the Bank to deviate from the Best Execution Policy in respect of specific execution factors, for example by specifying the execution venue on which an order is to be executed. In case of a customer instruction of this kind, the Bank meets its Best Execution obligation by executing the order accordingly. Consequently, the Best Execution Policy is not applicable in respect of the execution factors specified by the Client. Orders issued on a discretionary basis or in similar form are also regarded as instructions, where a specific execution venue cannot be specified, so that the Bank will execute such orders at its own discretion but taking the Client's best interest into account.

Please note: The Bank will execute orders in accordance with the Client instructions it receives, and therefore cannot apply the Best Execution Policy in respect of the execution factors specified by the Client. Clients giving instructions regarding execution factors act at their own risk, and will not be alerted to this fact by the Bank in each individual case. By following your specific instruction, we will have satisfied the obligation to provide you with Best Execution in relation to the relevant part of the transaction to which the Specific Instruction applied. The remaining portion of that order not covered by such instructions may still be applicable for Best Execution in accordance with the criteria laid out in this Best Execution Policy.

1.3 Determining the Client's interest

The Best Execution Policy allows the Bank to comply with its obligation to define order execution principles to achieve the best possible Client outcome.

Achieving the best possible outcome for the Client and/or determining the best possible execution venue does not imply any guarantee that the best possible result will in fact be achieved for each individual order. However, for certain asset classes, the Bank uses an Automatic Order Router (AOR, see 2.1) that compares the prices and, as the case may be, costs on different execution venues for an individual order.

The Bank developed its Best Execution Policy for financial instruments in its own discretion. When preparing the Best Execution Policy, the following aspects were taken into account:

- price this is the price at which a financial instrument is purchased/sold
- costs this includes implicit costs such as the possible market impact and explicit external costs, e.g. exchange or clearing fees and explicit internal costs which represents the Bank's own remuneration through commission or spread
- speed time period it takes to execute a Client order after its
- likelihood of execution the likelihood that the Bank will be able to completely execute a Client order. In illiquid markets, the likelihood of execution will become a significant factor.
- likelihood of settlement the likelihood that the settlement of the transaction takes place at value date
- order size this is the size of the order to be executed and may affect the price and the likelihood of execution
- nature of the transaction this is how the particular characteristics of a Client transaction can affect how Best Execution is received, e.g. if an execution venue does not offer the order type the Client requests
- qualitative factors related to the execution venues, like clearing schemes, circuit breakers, the supervision of the trading by a trade supervision body etc. and
- any other consideration relevant to the execution of the transaction

For determining the relative importance of the factors mentioned above, the following criteria have been taken into account:

- the characteristics of the Client including the categorization of the Client as retail or professional
- the characteristics of the Client order, including where the order involves a security financing transaction (SFT)
- the characteristics of financial instruments that are the subject of the transaction: and
- the characteristics of the execution venues to which the transaction can be directed.

When executing an order on behalf of the Client, Best Execution is determined in terms of total consideration. Total consideration is representing the price of the relevant financial instrument and the costs related to execution, which include all expenses incurred which are directly related to the execution of the order such as execution venue fees, clearing and settlement fees and any other fees paid to third parties involved in the execution of







the order. Speed, likelihood of execution and settlement, the size and nature of the order, market impact and any other implicit transaction costs may be given precedence over the immediate price and cost consideration only insofar as they are instrumental in delivering the best possible result in terms of the total consideration to the Client.

The Bank takes into account the venues and intermediaries through which the financial instruments in question are traded in significant volumes, among those it has access, to when selecting the relevant execution venues. The Bank will not unfairly discriminate between execution venues or Brokers but will make a decision on an execution venue based on a consideration of the execution factors. The asset class specific determinations in Section 2 will provide more information on the execution venues on which the Bank places significant reliance in a meeting its obligation to take all reasonable steps to obtain on a consistent basis the best possible result for the execution of Client orders.

If the Client's assessment of certain execution factors differs from the Bank's assessment when compiling the Best Execution Policy, and therefore wishes the transaction to be executed at a different execution venue than specified in the Best Execution Policy, the Client is entitled to issue a specific instruction as to the preferred place of execution.

To determine the advantages of an execution venue with regard to price, the Bank assesses the price formation mechanism of the execution venues. Price quality is particularly dependent upon the number of market participants, the availability of market makers, and whether a reference market is used. For certain asset classes, the Bank uses an Automatic Order Router (see 2.1) that compares the prices on different execution venues for an individual order.

1.3.2 Costs

Costs are determined as a part of the total amount payable, taking into account the criteria as outlined in 1.3.2.1 and 1.3.2.2.

1.3.2.1 Direct execution by the Bank on an execution venue

In addition to the Bank's commissions for instrument transactions, the costs include expenses of third parties (e.g. the venues or parties maintaining order books at exchanges/market makers - also including the costs of a central counterparty - and entities involved in clearing or settlement) as well as market access costs if these are charged to the Client.

1.3.2.2 Indirect execution through an intermediary

Instead of direct execution described under sub-section 1.3.2.1, the Bank can use an intermediary if this is in the Client's interest or if it has no direct access to a specific venue. In this case, the costs include those of the intermediary, in addition to those mentioned under subsection 1.3.2.1.

When executing Client orders or when placing orders with (or transmitting Client orders to) other entities (including affiliates) for execution, the Bank will take all sufficient steps in order to obtain on a consistent basis the best possible result.

1.3.2.3 Special aspects of transactions executed against own books of the Bank

The Best Execution Policy is applicable only to a limited degree if the Bank offers execution against own books only, and enters into an agreement with the Client regarding financial instruments at a fixed or determinable price. In this case, the obligations of the Bank and the Client are derived directly from the contractual agreement. In such a transaction the Bank meets its Best Execution obligation by offering a fair price.

Asset classes, where the Bank offers trading against own books on a regular basis, are stated in Chapter 2 of the Best Execution Policy.

If the offer of the Bank to execute the order against own books is in competition with other execution venues, according to the respective asset class of this Best Execution Policy, the offer of the Bank will be treated for the comparison with other execution venues, like any external execution venue.

1.3.3 Other aspects of order execution

The Bank has also taken into account the following execution factors as required by law.

1.3.3.1 Speed of execution

This refers to the interval between the time the order is accepted and the time the order is capable of being executed on the execution venue. The speed of an execution venue is determined to a large extent by the type of market model (e.g. auction procedure) it uses.

1.3.3.2 Likelihood of execution and settlement

The likelihood of the order being executed on an execution venue depends mainly on the prevailing liquidity. In this respect, the Bank also takes into account the risk of partial execution which could have a direct impact on the overall cost of settlement.

The Bank views the likelihood of settlement as being influenced by potential issues with the processing of transactions in financial instruments which may have a negative impact on delivery or payment.

1.3.3.3 Order type and size

The Bank distinguishes orders by size to the extent that this affects the choice of execution venue in connection with price and costs.

It is possible to submit different order types to different execution venues. In addition to buy and sell orders, various limit orders and other order types exist (e.g. Fill-Or-Kill). The client can specify an order type when issuing an order. However, specification of order type may mean that the order cannot be executed on certain execution venues.

1.3.4 Qualitative factors of execution venues

The Bank also takes into account qualitative factors with regard to the selected execution venues. These include e.g.:

- clearing schemes
- circuit breakers





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- supervision of the trading by a trading monitoring agency
- the complaint management and complaint handling by the execution venue
- the Trading Times
- the reliability of service obligations
- the bindingness of quotes and other price information
- the choice of order functionalities and execution types
- the service and information offered to investors
- the type of the order book
- the counterparty risk of the trading partner
- the processing security

1.4 Execution venues

Should the Client wish to execute an order on a particular execution venue, this will be treated as a specific instruction.

The Bank may use one or more of the following execution venue types when executing your order:

- Regulated Markets; e.g. London Stock Exchange, Xetra, New York Stock Exchange
- Other execution venues that are not Regulated Markets;
- Multilateral Trading Facilities (MTFs) and Organised Trading Facilities (OTFs), e.g. Euro-MTS, Brokertec.
- Systematic Internalisers (SI): (SIs) means investment firms which, on an organised, frequent, systematic and substantial basis, deal on own account by executing Client orders outside a regulated market, a MTF or an OTF, without operating a multilateral system.
- Market Maker
- Other liquidity providers

As the case may be, the Bank may act as SI, Market Maker or other liquidity provider

The Bank may use third parties, like investment firms, brokers and/or affiliates acting as a SI, Market Maker or other liquidity provider.

The selection of offered execution venues per asset class is a result of a market analysis per asset-class. The Bank analysed all execution venues it is connected to and other potential execution venues to identify which it considers to be the most competitive ones to perform Best Execution for the Client. The Bank employs the strategy to offer only execution venues which allow for a timely and comprehensive execution of Client orders. The analysis and assessment will be performed on a regular basis at least yearly as outlined in chapter 4. The assessment may lead to the adoption of new execution venues or the deletion of an execution venue.

The Bank may execute all or part of your order outside of a Regulated Market or MTF/OTF. In accordance with regulatory requirements the Bank has requested the Client's consent to execute such orders in this manner. The request to provide such consent is included in our Client onboarding documentation which has previously been provided to you. In case that no consent form signed by the Client has been received by the Bank, the latter will request this consent during the order capturing process. The execution of orders outside execution venues may cause as a consequence increased risks (e.g. increased counterparty risks, credit costs) which are taken into consideration in the assessment of execution venues (if

Requests for clarification of potential increased risks of an OTC

execution, should be addressed to info@hvb.de or contact your advisor.

The Bank utilizes an intermediary in situations where it appears to be in the Client's best interest to do so, in compliance with the Best Execution Policy. The Bank works with several different Intermediaries. The Bank selects the intermediaries from among well-known international prime brokers, taking into account their execution policies and criteria such as direct market access for various execution venues and the presence of an electronic trading platform along with reliable settlement processes. In the past these intermediaries have offered rapid and reliable execution without any appreciable differences in quality. To achieve the most favourable execution conditions in the interest of the Client, the Bank will review the selection of intermediaries on a regular basis. In all other respects, the execution policies and practices or the respective intermediary will apply.

If unusual market conditions or market disruption necessitate execution to be effected in a different way, the Bank will execute the order acting in the customer's best interest.

1.5 Capital market transaction

Instruments issued either during an initial public offering (IPO) or during a capital increase are allocated by the lead manager or another member of the respective syndicate if appropriate, who has been mandated by the issuer. As part of the allocation process, the lead manager will classify clients into categories. The clients will then receive a proportional allocation, which could

range from zero to full allocation up to the original order size. Irrespective of the allocation process used, the Bank will ensure that the allocation is handled fairly and in the interests of all customers and - where possible - is effected in tradable minimum

2.Execution of orders

2.1.General provisions

For asset classes, where execution venues are suitable and liquid, (equities, bonds, ETP, certificates/warrants), the Bank will utilize an Automatic Order Router (AOR) to choose a venue in order to obtain the best possible result for the client.

The Bank will employ AOR that seeks the best prices and liquidity for each individual order by comparing the prices, costs and liquidity of the execution venues to be compared for the relevant asset class, by using system rules defined by the rules of the Best Execution Policy. The assessment and decision about the execution venue, the order is directed to, will consider the result of the AOR and the other static factors relevant for the respective asset class and that are not evaluated for each individual order but monitored on a regular basis for the purpose of this Best Execution Policy.

The AOR will be used for the entire asset classes listed below except 2.3, 2.5 and 2.7.

In case the AOR cannot be used, the Bank will send the order to the "preferable market" that usually coincides with the most liquid one for that instrument. Following a client request or if the AOR cannot fulfil the order at the conditions set by the client, the Bank can be also executed over-the-counter (OTC) on its own book.

For other orders placed with the Bank, the Bank's decision for an execution venue considers strategies on handling the order, by





taking into account the execution factors as described for each asset class and any particular criteria or instructions provided. These factors are not evaluated for each individual order but are monitored on a regular basis for the purpose of this Best Execution Policy.

Where a Client order is not executed promptly, the Bank will try to execute it as soon as possible.

These orders are continually monitored and once the requested price has been reached, the Bank will provide Best Execution either through execution on execution venue, against the books of the Bank or through a combination of both.

The Bank can also agree with the Client to exclude certain execution venues from the execution strategy.

Financial instruments with the same characteristics are grouped in asset classes and are treated equally on the basis of these classes under the Best Execution Policy for Securities Transactions.

2.2. Equities - Shares, Depositary Receipts and **Exchange Traded Products**

2.2.1.Domestic Equities - Shares, Depository Receipts and Exchange Traded Products

Domestic equities are traded primarily in Italy, and are generally determined by the listing on Euronext Borsa Italiana markets.

The following overview determines the execution venues, which will be taken into consideration for execution:

Euronext Borsa Italiana - XMIL

Aquis Exchange Europe - AQEU

CBOE Europe (CXE) - BCXE

CBOE Europe (DXE) - CCXE

Bloomberg MTF Europe – BTFE (solo per prodotti indicizzati quotati)

Internalizzatore Sistematico UNICREDIT BANK GmbH -UCDE

On Client request, the order can be also executed on Hi-MTF via

The selection of venues may be limited by place of custody or trading restrictions. The place of custody is the one of the "preferable market" that usually coincides with the most liquid one for that instrument.

When executing an order on behalf of the Client, Best Execution is determined in terms of total consideration. Total consideration is representing:

- the price of the relevant financial instrument and
- the costs related to execution, which include all expenses incurred by the Client which are directly related to the execution of the order such as execution venue fees, clearing and settlement fees and any other fees paid to third parties involved in the execution of the order.
- the likelihood of execution in regard of the quoted volume. Although the likelihood of execution is not a direct part of the

definition of the term total consideration, the Bank will consider it in this context as the Bank deems it a material part of the price that is relevant for the Client.

»Nature of order« and »Size of order« are taken into consideration in the assessment of the »likelihood of execution«, since the check of the current price of the execution venue includes the depth of the order book (size) as well as the side (bid/ask) and the suitability of the execution venue for the relevant order (e.g. due to used limit types).

Speed of Execution, Likelihood of Settlement and other relevant aspects for the transaction may be taken into account only in sofar as they are instrumental and relevant in delivering the best possible result in terms of the total consideration to the Client.

The Bank executes orders in ETP products on a suitable execution venue based on certain thresholds in regard of volumes, defined with each Client. Above these thresholds, the Bank can offer the purchase or sale of the securities in "hightouch" modality, taking into account all the available options or venues.

The Bank cannot warrant that any given order will in fact be executed on the selected execution venue on the same trading

2.2.2.Foreign Equities - Shares, Depository Receipts and Exchange Traded Products

All equities with a Non-IT -ISIN fall under this category.

The selection of venues may be limited by place of custody or trading restrictions. The place of custody is the one of the "preferable market" that usually coincides with the most liquid one for that instrument.

The respective foreign markets to which, the Bank is connected to may be found in Annex 1 »list of interconnected execution

2.3. Subscription rights

In addition to conventional subscription rights, this asset class includes tradable purchase rights and redemption rights.

With regard to the limited subscription period, for subscription rights granted abroad, a greater weighting is given to the criteria of likelihood of execution and settlement and speed of execution. Orders for subscription rights held in Italy (including those held at foreign branches of CBF International) are submitted for execution to an appropriate Italian execution venue.

The following overview determines the execution venues, which will be taken into consideration for execution:

Euronext Borsa Italiana - XMIL

On Client request, the order can be also executed on Hi-MTF via

Orders for instruments held abroad (with the exception of foreign branches of CBF International) are submitted for execution on an execution venue or OTC in the country where the instruments are held by the depository. Details are provided to the Client on request when the order is submitted.





When executing an order on behalf of the Client, Best Execution is determined in terms of total consideration. Total consideration is representing:

- the price of the relevant financial instrument and
- the costs related to execution, which include all expenses

incurred by the Client which are directly related to the execution of the order such as execution venue fees, clearing and settlement fees and any other fees paid to third parties involved in the execution of the order.

- the likelihood of execution in regard of the quoted volume. Although the likelihood of execution is not a direct part of the definition of the term total consideration, the Bank will consider it in this context as the Bank deems it a material part of the price that is relevant for the Client.

»Nature of order « and »Size of order « are taken into consideration in the assessment of the »likelihood of execution«, since the check of the current price of the execution venue includes the depth of the order book (size) as well as the side (bid/ask) and the suitability of the execution venue for the relevant order (e.g. due to used limit types).

Speed of Execution, Likelihood of Settlement and other relevant aspects for the transaction may be taken into account only in sofar as they are instrumental and relevant in delivering the best possible result in terms of the total consideration to the Client.

2.4.Debt instruments

This class includes interest-bearing securities as well as other securities with characteristics similar to bonds. The Bank distinguishes in regard of Nature of Order and Size of Order as stated in the following sections.

2.4.1.Debt instruments listed on domestic markets (included branded issues)

The Bank executes orders in listed bonds on a suitable execution venue based on certain thresholds in regard of volumes, defined with each Client

Above these thresholds, the Bank can offer the purchase or sale of the securities on Bloomberg MTF or over-the-counter (OTC) directly with the Bank at prices that are in line with the market and agreed with the Client.

There is no obligation for the Bank to enter into an OTC transaction. In addition, for these kind of trades, the Bank offers an immediate price commitment for the securities during its usual trading hours, taking into account the market conditions and acknowledging all costs associated with this form of execution. Moreover, in this case the Bank executes the transaction immediately and in full.

If no trade on Bloomberg is performed and no OTC transaction is agreed, instructions from the Client are required with regard to the execution venue.

The following overview determines the execution venues, which will be taken into consideration for execution:

Euronext Borsa Italiana - XMIL

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Bloomberg MTF - BTFE

On Client request, the order can be also executed on Hi-MTF via broker.

The selection of venues may be limited by place of custody or trading restrictions. The place of custody is the one of the "preferable market" that usually coincides with the most liquid one for that instrument.

When executing an order on behalf of the Client, Best Execution is determined in terms of total consideration. Total consideration is representing:

- the price of the relevant financial instrument and
- the costs related to execution, which include all expenses incurred by the Client which are directly related to the execution of the order such as execution venue fees, clearing and settlement fees and any other fees paid to third parties involved in the execution of the order.
- the likelihood of execution in regard of the quoted volume. Although the likelihood of execution is not a direct part of the definition of the term total consideration, the Bank will consider it in this context as the Bank deems it a material part of the price that is relevant for the Client.

»Nature of order « and »Size of order « are taken into consideration in the assessment of the »likelihood of execution«, since the check of the current price of the execution venue includes the depth of the order book (size) as well as the side (bid/ask) and the suitability of the execution venue for the relevant order (e.g. due to used limit types).

Speed of Execution, Likelihood of Settlement and other relevant aspects for the transaction may be taken into account only in so far as they are instrumental and relevant in delivering the best possible result in terms of the total consideration to the Client.

The Bank cannot warrant that any given order will in fact be executed on the selected execution venue on the same trading

2.4.2.Debt instruments listed on foreign markets

The most liquid trading for bonds listed in foreign markets can take place via Bloomberg MTF or over-the-counter (OTC). Consequently, the Bank can offer the purchase or sale of the securities on Bloomberg MTF or OTC directly with the Bank at prices that are in line with the market and agreed with the Client. There is no obligation for the Bank to enter into an OTC transaction. In addition, for this type of trades, the Bank offers an immediate price commitment for the securities during its usual trading hours, taking into account the market conditions and acknowledging all costs associated with this form of execution. If no trade on Bloomberg is performed and no OTC transaction is agreed, instructions from the Client are required with regard to the execution venue.

2.5.Listed mutual funds

Orders in listed mutual funds are executed on the market where the instrument is listed.

The Bank cannot warrant that any given order will in fact be executed on the selected execution venue on the same trading

Exchange Traded Funds (ETF-s) will fall under the rules set out in chapter 2.2.





2.6. Certificates and Covered Warrants

The Bank will execute all orders in equity-like or bond-like participation certificates listed in Italy on an appropriate execution

The following overview determines the execution venues, which will be taken into consideration for execution:

Furonext Borsa Italiana - XMII

Internalization UNICREDIT BANK GmbH - UCDE

The selection of venues may be limited by place of custody or trading restrictions. The place of custody is the one of the "preferable market" that usually coincides with the most liquid one for that instrument.

When executing an order on behalf of the Client, Best Execution is determined in terms of total consideration. Total consideration is representing:

- the price of the relevant financial instrument and
- the costs related to execution, which include all expenses incurred by the Client which are directly related to the execution of the order such as execution venue fees, clearing and settlement fees and any other fees paid to third parties involved in the execution of the order.
- the likelihood of execution in regard of the quoted volume. Although the likelihood of execution is not a direct part of the definition of the term total consideration, the Bank will consider it in this context as the Bank deems it a material part of the price that is relevant for the Client.

»Nature of order « and »Size of order « are taken into consideration in the assessment of the »likelihood of execution«, since the check of the current price of the execution venue includes the depth of the order book (size) as well as the side (bid/ask) and the suitability of the execution venue for the relevant order (e.g. due to used limit types).

Speed of Execution, Likelihood of Settlement and other relevant aspects for the transaction may be taken into account only in sofar as they are instrumental and relevant in delivering the best possible result in terms of the total consideration to the Client.

The Bank cannot warrant that any given order will in fact be executed on the selected execution venue on the same trading

For orders involving certificates or warrants not listed in Italy, an explicit instruction with regard to the execution venue is required from Client, but the Bank reserves the right to accept or reject the order.

2.7.Non-securitized financial instruments

This asset class includes options, futures contracts, swaps and all other derivative contracts based on securities, currencies, interest rates or other derivative instruments, financial indices or benchmarks which are capable of delivery or cash settlement. These also include these same instruments when based on commodities that must be cash-settled, or can be cash-settled on request by one of the parties, derivative instruments for the

transfer of credit risk and contracts for difference (CFDs). Also included are all of the above-mentioned instruments with reference to climate variables, freight rates, emission allowances, inflation rates and other official economic statistics that must be cash-settled, or can be cash-settled on request by one of the parties and all other derivative contracts with reference to assets, rights, obligations, indices and benchmarks that have the characteristics of other financial derivatives.

Distinctions are made according to whether these instruments are traded on a regulated market or a multilateral trading facility (MTF), whether clearing and settlement take place through recognized clearing houses and whether margin requirements

2.7.1.Exchange-traded derivatives

Due to the different terms of financial futures contracts at the various futures exchanges, an exchange must be specified by the customer for this product group.

The Bank only executes on IDEM (Italian Derivatives Market) the following contracts:

- Futures, minifutures and options on S&P/MIB index;
- Futures and options on single stocks.

Orders on derivatives listed abroad are executed on the foreign derivatives exchanges through Munich headquarters.

2.7.2.OTC derivatives contracts and repo transactions

In addition to the futures contracts, options, swaps and other derivatives mentioned in subsection 2.7, these include repo and buy/sell-back transactions.

Such transactions are entered into on an individual basis between the Bank and the Client. An alternative execution venue is not available. The transaction is entered into directly with the Bank at pre-agreed terms. The Bank undertakes that the terms will be in accordance with the requested fairness of prices, as outlined in the regulatory requirements.

3. Final provisions

Unless individual financial instruments clearly fall into a specific asset class, the Client has to provide instructions regarding the venue on which they should be executed.

If due to public holidays, trading events or technical restrictions, the Bank cannot execute an order at the time it is placed on one of the execution venues stipulated in the Best Execution Policy, then the order can be executed on another execution venue, taking the Client's best interests into account. If the execution venues selected by the Bank as appropriate alternatives are also unavailable, then Client instructions regarding the execution venue are required.

If an order is received outside of the trading hours of the execution venue intended for the transaction in question, it will be placed on that venue on the next trading session. If the Client wishes the order to be placed on the same day, then the Client must provide instructions specifying a particular venue. The Bank will not switch the order to a different venue even if the order will not or cannot be executed on the selected execution venue over an extended period. For orders not executed immediately or on the first day on which they are valid, the Bank will manage the overall order process. If any capital measures are taken by the issuer that lead to the expiry





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of the order, the Bank will provide relevant information. The Bank has no further follow-up obligations, such as monitoring whether an order has already been executed.

However, it will inform the customer of the status of the order on request.

In order to comply with the regulatory provisions, the Bank will monitor its execution quality and publish the results.

Further, UNICREDIT BANK GmbH will publish on an annual basis the top 5 execution venues it uses for Client orders across the various asset classes (including UNICREDIT BANK GmbH in case of execution against its own books).

The Best Execution Policy is primarily supported by system technology. If software technology is temporarily unavailable, the Bank will determine a place of execution at its own discretion while taking the client's best interests into account. The Best Execution Policy is reviewed regularly - at least once a year - and amended if necessary. Clients will be informed immediately of any significant changes to the Best Execution Policy by the appropriate means.

The legality and adherence to the Best Execution Policy is subject to review by the responsible supervisory authorities.

4.Monitoring

The Bank has implemented a governance framework and control process through which it monitors the effectiveness of our order execution arrangements (including this Best Execution Policy), to identify and, where appropriate, correct any deficiencies.

Through this governance framework and controls process the Bank will assess whether the execution venues included in this Policy provide the best possible result for the Client or whether the Bank needs to make changes to its Best Execution Policy.

The Bank will review its order execution arrangements and Best Execution Policy at least annually or whenever a material change occurs that affects our ability to obtain the best result for the execution of Client orders.

The Bank will perform the monitoring on the base on an ongoing monitoring of execution quality of exemplary single orders, representing the scope of the Best Execution Policy. In addition, the Bank will monitor the reports with regards to execution Policy, execution venues are obliged to publish regularly. Furthermore, the Bank will analyse any other publication of the execution venues to identify changes in the assessment of factors, relevant for execution of orders.

Annex 1

List of interconnected execution venues. Intermediaries. Systematic Internaliser, Liquidity provider

Euronext Borsa Italiana (Stocks Milan; Growth Milan "EGM"; Warrants & Certificates Milan; Bonds Milan, Derivative	Italy
Milan,; ETFS Milan, Funds Milan) 2. Austrialian Securities Exchange	Australia
Vienna Stock Exchange	Austria
4. Euronext Brussels	Belgium
Toronto Stock Exchange and Canada Venture	Canada
Nasdaq OMX Copenhagen	Denmark
7. Nasdaq OMX Helsinki	Finland
8. Euronext Paris	France
Xetra Germany, Frankufurt and local Markets	Germany
10. Athens Stock Exchange	Greece
11. Hong Kong Stock Exchange	China
12. Irish Stock Exchange	Ireland
13. Euronext Amsterdam	The Netherland
14. Oslo Borse	Norwey
15. Warsaw Stock Exchange	Poland
16. Euronext Lisbon	Portugual
17. Tokio Stock Exchange	Japan
18. Singapore Stock Exchange	Singapore
19. Johannesburg Stock Exchange	South Africa
20. Madrid Stock Exchange	Spain
21. Nasdaq OMX Stockholm	Sweden
22. Virtex and Swiss Exchange	Switzerland
23. London Stock Exchange	UK
24. Budapest Stock Exchange	Hungary
25. Nyse	USA
26. Nasdaq	USA
27. Amex	USA
28. USA OTC	USA
29. Aquis Europe	Europe
30. CBOE Europe (CEUX and CHIX)	Europe
31. Bloomberg MTF Europe	Europe
32. Systematic Internaliser UCB GmbH	Europe
33. Morgan Stanley	Intermediary
34. Equita SIM	Intermediary
35. UBS	Intermediary